

Recall: • Lefschetz fibration =  $\pi: (E, \omega, \mathcal{J}) \rightarrow (S, j)$

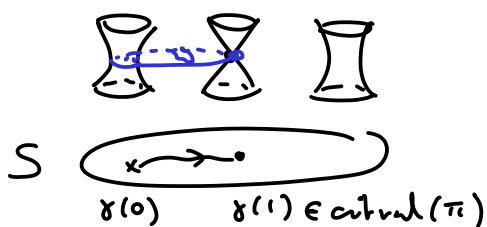
exact sympl.  
with corners

Riem. surface  
w/ boundary

- st {
- $(j, \mathcal{J})$ -holom.
  - submersion away from isolated crit pts ; [crit. values distinct]
  - local model at crit. pt:  $Q: \mathbb{C}^{n+1} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$   
 $(z_1, \dots, z_{n+1}) \mapsto \sum z_i^2$
  - convexity, horizontality conditions at boundary

• Parallel transport:  $TE^h = (\text{Ker } d\pi)^\perp \omega$  horiz. distrib<sup>n</sup> (outside crit  $\pi$ )  
Parallel transport induces exact symplecto b/w fibers.

• Vanishing paths, vanishing cycles, thimbles:



$\gamma: [0, 1] \rightarrow S, \quad 1 \mapsto \text{crit. value}$

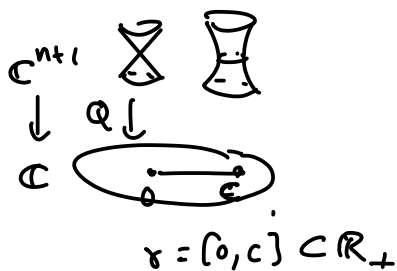
$\Rightarrow$  vanishing cycle:

$V_\gamma \subset E_{\gamma(0)}$  exact Lagr. sphere

= pts whose parallel transport  $\rightarrow$  crit pt

$\Rightarrow$  thimble:  $\Delta_\gamma \subset E$  Lagr. ball,  $\partial \Delta_\gamma = V_\gamma$   
(= union of par. transport of  $V_\gamma$  along  $\gamma$ )

• Local model:



Smooth fibers  $\{ \sum z_i^2 = c \} \cong T^*S^n$

$\Rightarrow V_\gamma \cong$  zero section in  $T^*S^n$

$= \{ \text{Im } z = 0, Q(z) = c \}$

$= \{ (x_1, \dots, x_{n+1}) \in \mathbb{R}^{n+1} / \sum x_i^2 = c \}$

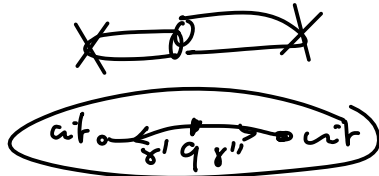
and  $\Delta_\gamma = \{ (x_1, \dots, x_{n+1}) \in \mathbb{R}^{n+1} / |x|^2 \leq c \}$ .

This is a natural source of Lays!

Lemma:  $\left\| \begin{array}{l} \gamma \text{ embedded path } \subset S\text{-crtv}(\pi), \quad L \subset E \text{ Lagr. st. } \pi(L) = \gamma \\ \Rightarrow L \cap E_{\gamma(t)} \text{ Lagr. in } E_{\gamma(t)}, \text{ and } L \text{ obtained from it by} \\ \text{parallel transport along } \gamma. \end{array} \right.$

(Point:  $\Lambda \subset L \cap E_{\gamma(t)}$  dim. n, isotopic, but then remaining dir<sup>n</sup>  $\forall \in (T\Lambda)^\omega = T\Lambda \oplus TE^h$ )  
for generic t (regular val. of  $\pi|_L$ )

• Matching cycles:



$\gamma = \gamma' \cup \gamma''$  embedded,  $\gamma', \gamma''$  vanishing paths  
 $\gamma'(0) = \gamma''(0) = q$

$\Rightarrow V_{\gamma'}, V_{\gamma''} \subset E_q$  Lagr. spheres

\* If  $V_{\gamma'} = V_{\gamma''}$  then  $\Sigma_\gamma = \Delta_{\gamma'} \cup \Delta_{\gamma''}$  smooth Lagr.  $S^{n-1} \subset E$  fibers over  $\gamma$

\* Non generally, if  $V_{\gamma'} \simeq V_{\gamma''}$  in  $E_q$ , then can modify  $\omega_E$  by Ham. iso.

an exact deformation to make them match  $\rightarrow \Sigma_\gamma \subset E$

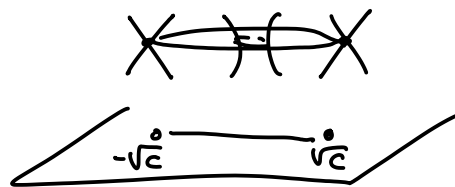
Or, by Moser, deforming  $\omega_E \Leftrightarrow$  deforming  $\pi$  to get matching.

Call  $\Sigma_\gamma$  a matching cycle  
 $\gamma$  ——— " ——— path


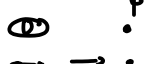
Ex:  $E = \left\{ (z_1, \dots, z_{n+1}) \in \mathbb{C}^{n+1} \mid \sum_1^{n+1} z_i^2 = c \right\} \xrightarrow{P} \mathbb{C}$  (or truncation)  
 $(\simeq T^*S^n)$   $(z_1, \dots, z_{n+1}) \longmapsto z_{n+1}$

Lefschetz fibration: fiber  $P^{-1}(y) = \left\{ (z_1, \dots, z_n) \in \mathbb{C}^n \mid \sum_1^n z_i^2 = c - y^2 \right\}$   
 $\simeq T^*S^{n-1}!$

2 sing fibers: at  $y = \pm\sqrt{c}$ .

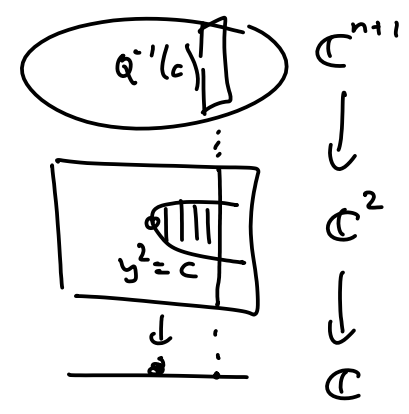


The segment  $[-\sqrt{c}, \sqrt{c}]$  is a matching path,  
 matching cycle = the sphere  $\sqrt{c} S^n \subset E!$

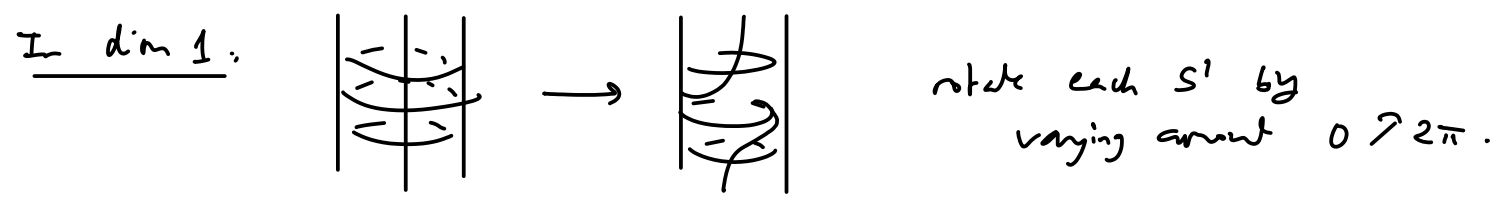
What happens as vary  $c$ ? for  $c \rightarrow 0$ ,   $\rightarrow$   pt  
 See higher dim local model from lower dim. this way!

NB: we've viewed each fiber of  $Q: \mathbb{C}^{n+1} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  as itself a  
 Lefschetz fibration w/  $p: Q^{-1}(c) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ :

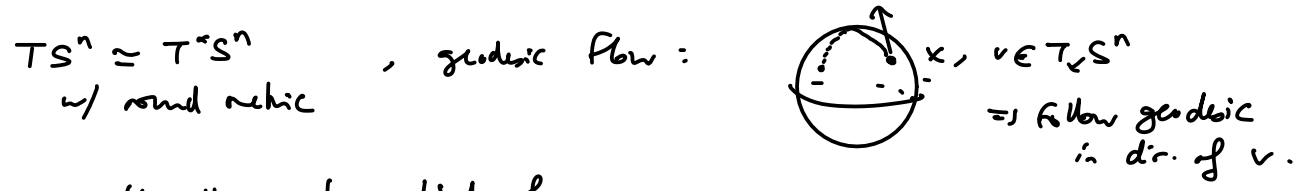
Seidel calls this a "bi-fibration"  
 & it's a natural source of matching paths



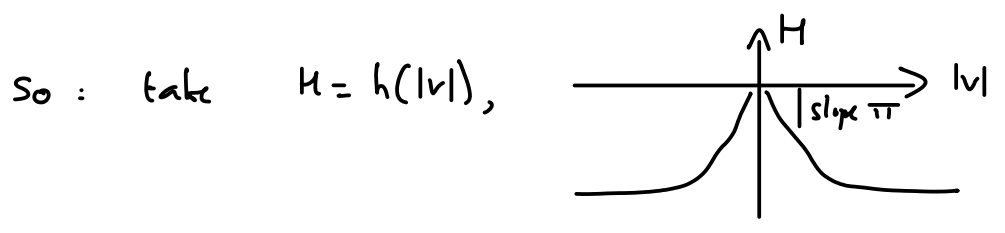
Dehn twists:  $V \subset (M, \omega = d\theta)$  exact Lagr. sphere  
 (parametrized, i.e. fix  $S^n \cong V$ )  
 $\rightarrow \tau_V \in \text{Symp}(M)$  exact symplecto, supp! in nbd(V)  
 (conjugated up to Ham. isohopy)



Observe: this is rescaled geodesic flow for  $S^1$  w/ standard metric



It's Hamiltonian! ... kind of -  
 $H(x, v) = h(|v|)$  gives: parallel transport by distance  $h'(|v|)$ .  
 eg.  $|v|^2$  gives // transport by distance  $|v|$ .

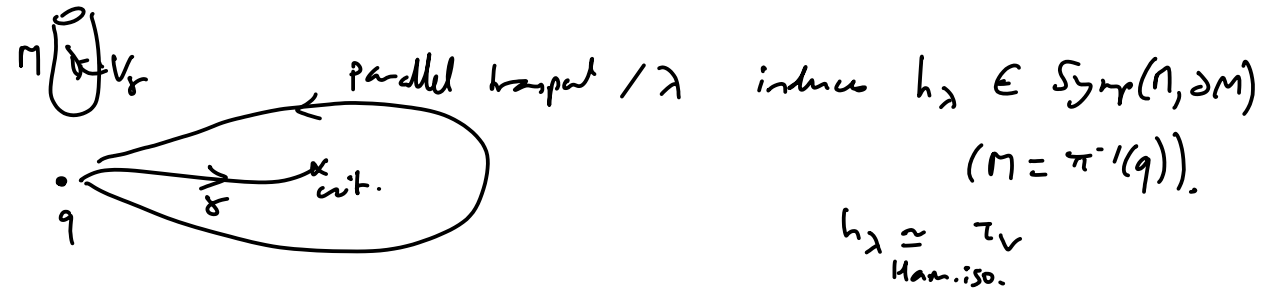


This gives // transport by amount  $\uparrow$  to  $\pi$  as approach 0 section  
 & induces antipodal map on zero section.

Or: (better) take  $H = \begin{matrix} \uparrow \\ \cup \end{matrix} \uparrow \pi$  & compare with antipodal  $(x, v) \rightarrow (-x, -v)$ .

Remark: in  $\dim \geq 2$ , eg on  $T^*S^2$ ,  $\tau_V^2$  is isotopic to  $\text{Id}$  in  $\text{Diff}(M)$  [classical]  
 but in general not in  $\text{Symp}(M)$  [Seidel:  $\text{HF}(L_0, \tau_V^2(L_1)) \neq \text{HF}(L_0, L_1)$ ].

Prop: || Monodromy of L-fibration around a crit. value is Ham. isotopic to  $\tau_V$  where  $V =$  vanishing cycle



(Can see it by explicit computation on local model, or from bifibration picture:  

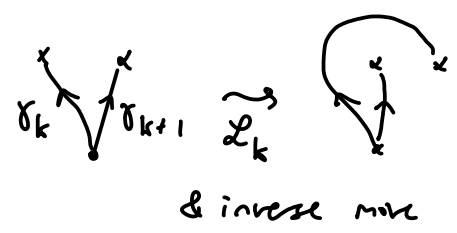
 As  $c$  goes around origin,  $x \pm \sqrt{c}$  ...

Def: a distinguished basis of vanishing paths  $\gamma = (\gamma_1, \dots, \gamma_m)$   

 reading all criticals ( $\pi$ ) in clockwise order.

To this associate ordered sequence of vc's  $(V_1, \dots, V_m) \subset M = \pi^{-1}(*)$

Notation: when  $S = D^2$ , any two bases of vanishing paths are related (up to isotopy) by "Hurwitz moves"



induce  $(V_1, \dots, V_k, V_{k+1}, \dots, V_m) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}_k} (V_1, \dots, \tau_{V_k}(V_{k+1}), V_k, \dots, V_m)$   
 (inverse:  $(\dots, V_k, V_{k+1}, \dots) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}_k^{-1}} (\dots, V_{k+1}, \tau_{V_{k+1}}^{-1}(V_k), \dots)$ )

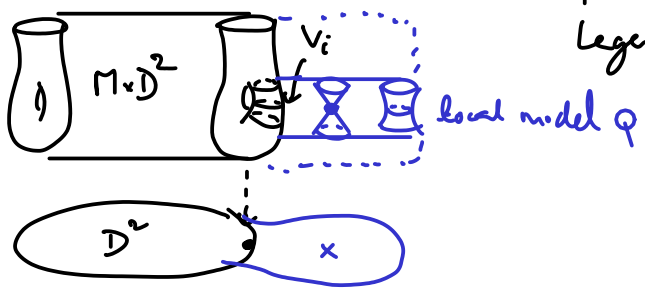
NB: These induce an action of the braid group  $B_m = \pi_0 \text{Diff}^+(D^2, m \text{ pts})$



\* Prop: The Murthy equiv class of  $(V_1 \dots V_m)$  is an invt of the Lefschetz fibration over  $D^2$ . Conversely, given any collection of exact Lagr. spheres  $(V_1 \dots V_m)$  in exact sympl. mfd  $M$ , can build a L. fibration over  $D^2$  with vanishing cycles  $V_1 \dots V_m$ , unique up to exact symplectic deformation.

Construction: start with  $M \times D^2$ , glue local models near copy of  $V_i$  in fibers at boundary, and enlarge/round corners.

( $\leftrightarrow$  top: attach a standard "Weinstein" handle along Legendrian sphere  $V_i \times \{\text{pt}\} \subset \partial(M \times D^2)$ )



\* To build "exotic" sympl. mfd: start w/  $M$  containing many interesting Lagrangian spheres, incl. some that are smoothly isotopic but not Ham. iso., and custom-build L. fibrations w/ fiber  $M$ .

Typically, this is done using  $M =$  itself carrying a L. fibration:

$$M \xrightarrow{p} D^2, \text{ Lagr. spheres} = \text{matching spheres for } p.$$

Ex: if all paths match,  $\Sigma_{\gamma_+} \approx \tau_{\Sigma_{\gamma_1}}(\Sigma_{\gamma_2})$   
 $\Sigma_{\gamma_-} \approx \tau_{\Sigma_{\gamma_1}^{-1}}(\Sigma_{\gamma_2})$

so eg. if  $\dim_{\mathbb{R}} M = 4$ , we get  $\Sigma_{\gamma_+} \underset{C^\infty \text{ iso.}}{\approx} \Sigma_{\gamma_-}$   
 but not necess. Lagr. iso!